

WILMS TUMOUR WITH INTRACAVAL AND INTRACARDIAC EXTENSION A TRIUMPH IN STAGED SURGICAL PROCEDURE

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CONFLICT OF INTEREST



None to declare



BACKGROUND



• Staged Surgical Procedure (SSP) for management of Wilms Tumour with intracardiac and intracaval extension not commonly reported.

We describe a case that was successfully managed using SSP approach

CLINICAL CASE



HISTORY

- I I month old presented with 3/52 history of abdominal distension
- Progressively worsening
- Ultrasound at private hospital revealed a left sided abdominal mass.
- Patient transferred to our centre for further management

EXAMINATION

- Large non tender mass extending from left hypochondrium to left iliac fossa
- No palpable lymphnodes
- LDH 2100

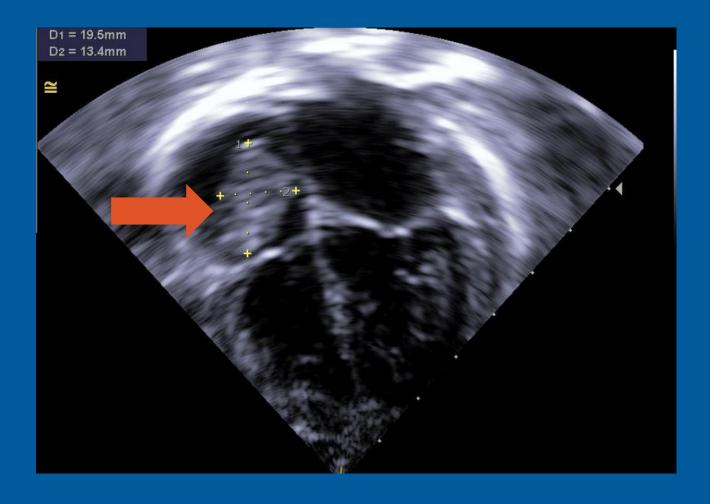
USS GUIDED BIOPSY

- Triphasic pattern of tumour cell
- Immunohistochemical staining positive for WTI

DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING







MANAGEMENT



- 4 cycles of adjuvant chemotherapy
- CT reassessment showed tumour increasing in size
- Repeat ECHO still shows thrombus extending from IVC to right atrium
- Discussion at Joint MDT involving 2 different centres decision for staged approach difficulty in arranging joint procedure
- Further cycle of chemotherapy whilst awaiting surgical planning (Cyclophosphamide and doxorubicin)
- Followed by staged procedure: 26/6/2018 + 12/7/2018

CLINICAL CASE



- SURGICAL INTERVENTION 2STAGES
- Ist Stage: Sternotomy and excision of right atrial tumour (26/6/2018)
 - Intraoperative findings: firm smooth surfaced tumour non adherent to surrounding structures

 2nd Stage: Laparotomy, left nephroureterectomy and removal of tumour in IVC(12/7/2018)

LAPAROTOMY, LEFT NEPHROURETERECTOMY AND REMOVAL OF TUMOUR IN IVC





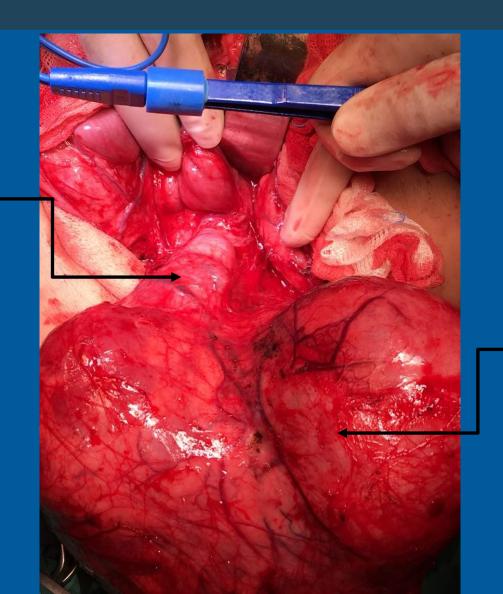




LAPAROTOMY, LEFT NEPHROUTERECTOMY AND REMOVAL OF TUMOUR IN IVC



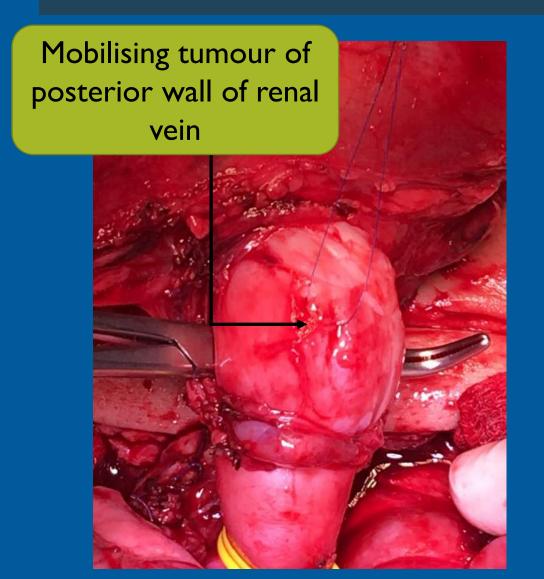
Engorged Left Renal vein occluded by thrombus

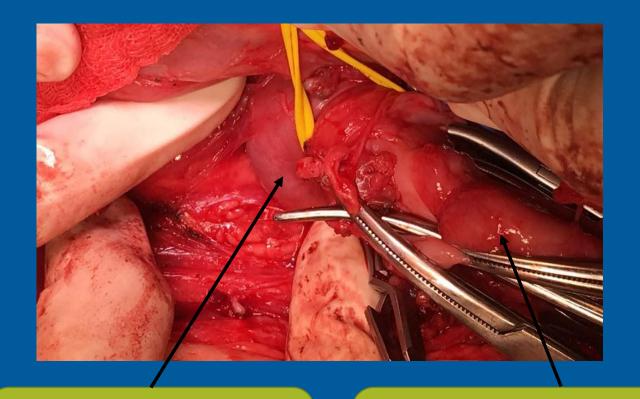


Left Wilms Tumour

LAPAROTOMY, LEFT NEPHROUTERECTOMY AND REMOVAL OF TUMOUR IN IVC







Normal portion of infrarenal IVC

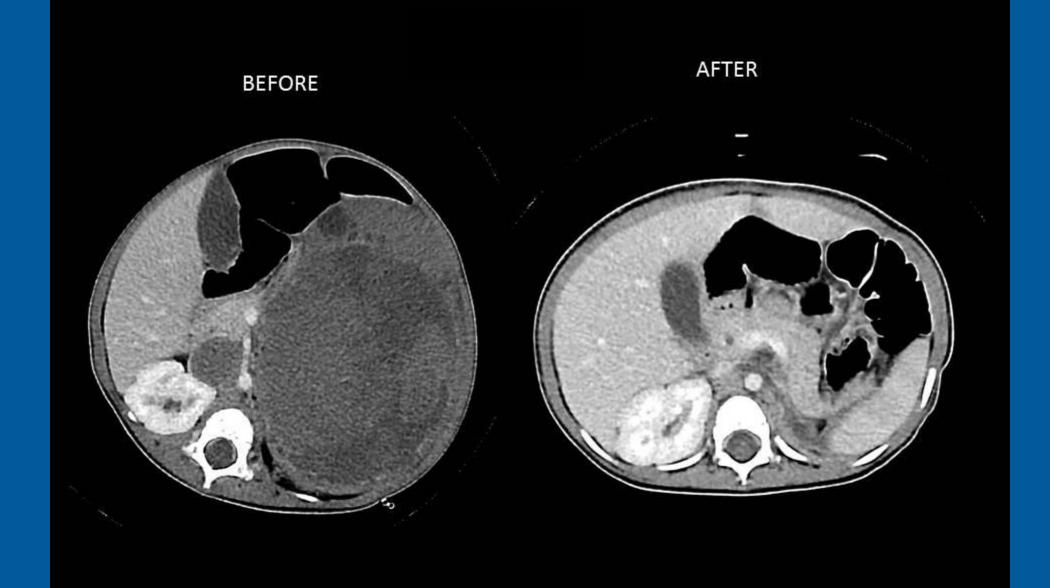
Mobilising tumour off wall of IVC

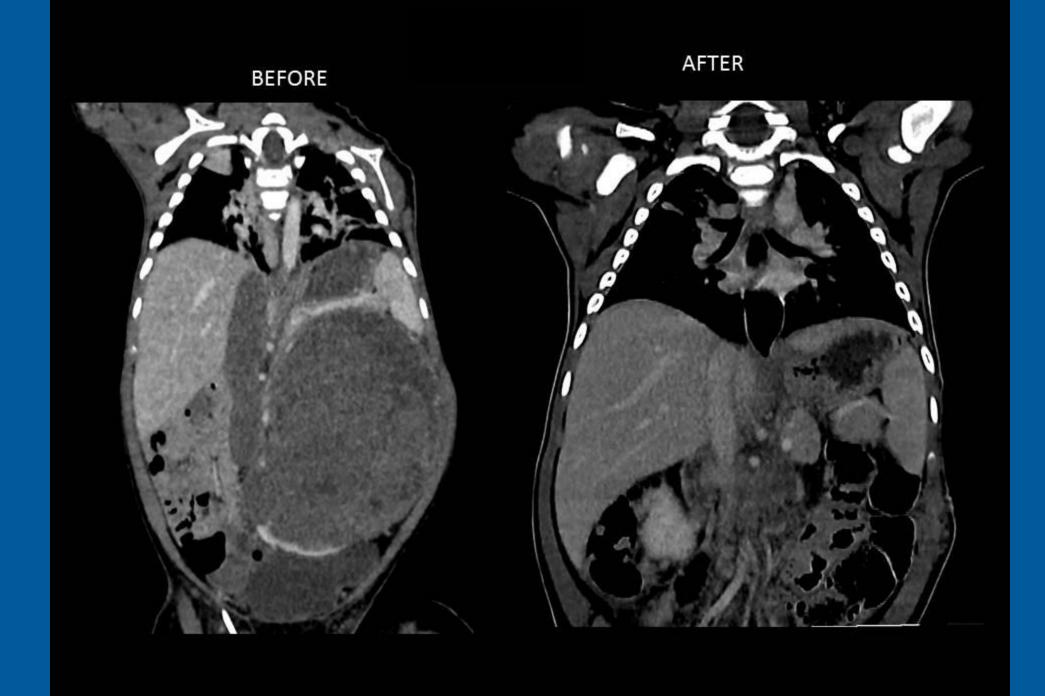




Smooth and rounded appearance of superior-most aspect of tumour extending into IVC







AFTER **BEFORE**

LITERATURE REVIEW



I.Wilms Tumour with Intravascular Extension: A Review Article

- S. McMahon & R. Carachi J of Indian Assoc Pediatr Surg. 2014 Oct- Dec;19(4):195-200
- Intracaval Extension 4-8% of all Wilm's Tumour
- Intratrial Extension 1-3% of all Wilm's Tumour
- Management Strategies vary
- Multidisciplinary approach is optimal
- Neoadjuvant chemotherapy advocated
- Surgical resection should be planned in accordance with stage
- Higher rate of complication
- Outcome related to histological subtype

CONCLUSION



- Remarkable experience for all members of the multidisciplinary team
- Able to deliver good outcome despite challenging circumstances
- Highlights importance of good teamworking
- Surgical Staged Procedure (SSP) can be considered as an option in managing Wilm's Tumour in resource limited settings and should be supported by good multidisciplinary networking.



HISTOLOGY



- Ultrasound guided biopsy undertaken:
- Triphasic pattern of tumour cell
- Blastemal component: undifferentiated small cells hyperchromatic nuclei with scanty cytoplasm
- Loose stroma: mesenchymal component consisting of spindle cells with mild pleomorphic nuclei.
- Epithelial component: forming tubular/glandular structure
- Immunohistochemical assay: blastemal cells Positive for WFI
- Consistent with Wilms Tumour